新革螨属一新种

(蜱螨亚纲: 寄螨科)

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摘要 记述新革螨属一新种: 陀螺新革螨 Neogamasus turbinatus sp. nov.

关键词 蜱螨亚纲,寄螨科,新革螨属,新种,中国

新革螨属 Neogamasus Tichomirov, 1969 为 тихомиров (1969) 在寄螨属 Parasitus 中建立 的亚属,现在各国学者已将其提升为属(Athias-Henriot, 1977; Hennessey 和 Farrier, 1989; Волонихина, 1993。等)[1~3]。本文记述该属一新种。文中测量单位为 ит。

陀螺新革螨 Neogamasus turbinatus 新种

鉴别特征 新种根据头盖 3 突间无小齿,后背板刚毛不特别密等特点,近似于富生新革 螨 Neogamasus diviortus (Athias-Henriot, 1967)[4], 但新种须膝节 al, 及 al, 毛多分枝, 胸前 板 3 对, ♀内殖器陀螺状; 而富生新革螨须膝节 al, 及 al₂ 毛无分枝, 胸前板 1 对, ♀内殖器 椭圆形。

形态描述 ♀(图 1~8)体黄色。长椭圆形,前端较平。长宽 575×368。背腹各板均有 网纹,腹面板网纹较背板更明显。体毛及足毛均细长光滑。前后背板紧相靠近,仅由一条线 分开。前背板刚毛 21 对,后背板刚毛 32 对左右,可辨清毛序。前后背板毛除 F2, ET1、ET2 和 M3 细小外, 其余毛末端均超过下位毛基部。胸前板 3 对, 其中 1 对短杆状, 另 2 对近三角 形。胸板网纹多角形。内殖器陀螺状(以此命名),中间有纵纹带,前端伸出内殖器前缘,并 有许多小齿。腹板与气门板相连,基节 IV 水平处内凹,其后圆凸,腹板宽阔,有横向网纹, 除围肛毛外有刚毛 9 对,其中前侧 1 对细小。Ad 位于肛孔后缘水平,Ad 与 PA 约等于肛孔 长。气门沟前端达到基节 I 和 II 之间的中点。腹表皮毛 3 对左右。头盖 3 突均短,其间无小 齿。螯齿数看不清。颚角宽牛角状。须股节 al 毛和须膝节 al, 及 al, 均多分枝。颚毛光滑,约 等长。叉毛3叉。

后若螨(图 9~10)浅黄色,卵圆形,长宽 379×253。前后背板紧相靠近。前背板 207 ×241, 刚毛 19 对; 后背板 138×230, 刚毛 15 对。背表皮毛 6 对左右。胸板 161×80 (St. 水平)。肛板 80×80, 圆三角形。围肛毛同♀。足后板小,椭圆形。气门沟前端达到基节 I 和 Ⅱ之间的中点。腹表皮毛 20 对左右。头盖、颚角、须肢毛、颚毛和叉毛同♀。

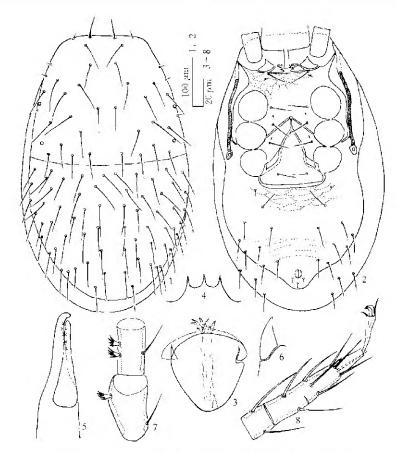


图 1-8 陀螺新革螨 Neogamasus turbinatus sp. nov. ♀

1. 背面 (dorsum); 2. 腹面 (venter); 3. 内殖器 (endogynium); 4. 头盖 (tectum); 5. 螯钳 (chela); 6. 颚角 (corniculus); 7. 须肢股及膝节 (palpfernur and palpgenu); 8. 跗节 II (tarsus II)

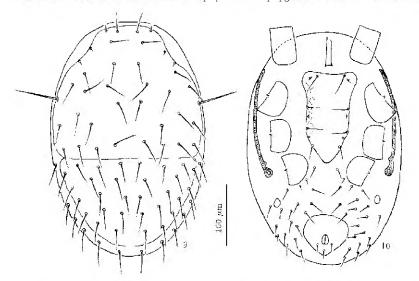


图 9-10 陀螺新革螨 Neogamasus turbinatus sp. nov. 后若螨 (deutonymph) 9. 背面 (dorsum); 10. 腹面 (venter)

标本记录,正模 $^{\circ}$ 、副模 $^{\circ}$ 1 $^{\circ}$ 2 后若螨,采自森林中土壤,黑龙江省伊春市带岭区凉水自然保护区,海拔 $^{\circ}$ 350 $^{\circ}$ 450 m,1995. 8 $^{\circ}$ 10。采集人:殷秀琴,陈鹏。模式标本存于全国鼠疫布氏菌病防治基地,吉林省白城市。

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A NEW SPECIES OF THE GENUS NEOGAMASUS (ACARI: PARASITIDAE)

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Abstract Λ new species, $Neogamasus\ turbinatus\ sp.\ nov.$, is described and illustrated from Heilongjiang Province, China.

Neogamasus turbinatus sp. nov. (Figs. 1~10)

Female. Body yellow, oval, 575 μ m long, 368 μ m wide. Dorsal setae long and smooth but F_2 , ET_1 , ET_2 and M_3 minute, with 21 pairs on anterior dorsal shield, about 32 pairs on posterior dorsal shield. Presternal shields 3 pairs. Endogynium top-shaped shown as in fig. 3. Ventral shield broad, with 9 pairs of setae except perianal setae. Ad situated at level of posterior margin of anus, both Λd and $P\Lambda$ subequal to anus in length. Peritreme reaching between coxae I and II. Tectum with 3 tines. Setae al of palpfemur and al_1 and al_2 of palpgenu branchy.

The new species near to *Neogamasus diviortus* (Athias-Henriot, 1967), but the new species both al₁ and al₂ of palpgenu branchy, presternal shields 3 pairs, endogynium of female top-shaped; however, the latter species al₁ and al₂ entire, presternal shields 1 pair, endogynium oval.

Holotype $\stackrel{\circ}{+}$, paratypes 1 $\stackrel{\circ}{+}$ and 2 deutonymphs, from forest soils, in Liangshui Natural Preserve (47°10′N, 128°53′E, 350 \sim 450 m). Yichun City, Heilongjiang Province, Aug. to Oct. 1995. Type specimens are deposited in the National Base of Plague and Brucellosis Control, Baicheng City, Jilin Province.

Key words Acari, Parasitidae, Neogamasus, new species, China